Building a better Seattle



Sustainable Development Policy Design Commission - November 4, 2010

Sandra Mallory, Program Manager, City Green Building, DPD

Existing Green Building Policy

City of Seattle Sustainable Building Policy (Resolution 30121) Adopted: February 22, 2000

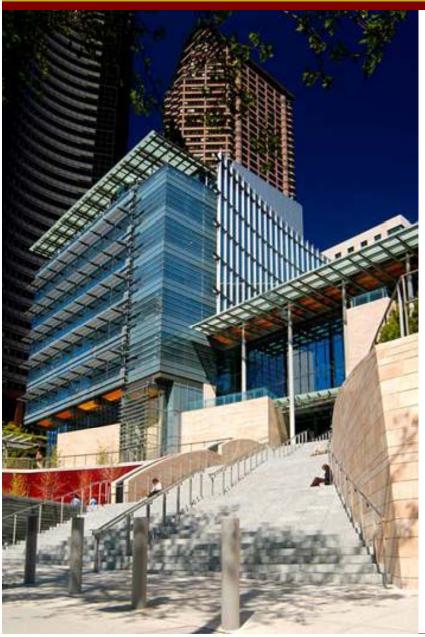
The purpose of a Citywide policy on sustainable building is to *demonstrate the City's commitment to environmental, economic, and social stewardship*, to yield cost savings to the City taxpayers through reduced operating costs, to provide healthy work environments for staff and visitors, and to contribute to the City's goals of protecting, conserving, and enhancing the region's environmental resources. Additionally, the City helps to set a community standard of sustainable building.

It shall be the policy of the City of Seattle to finance, plan, design, construct, manage, renovate, maintain, and decommission its facilities and buildings to be sustainable. . . All *facilities and buildings over 5,000 gross square feet* of occupied space shall meet a minimum *LEED Silver* rating.

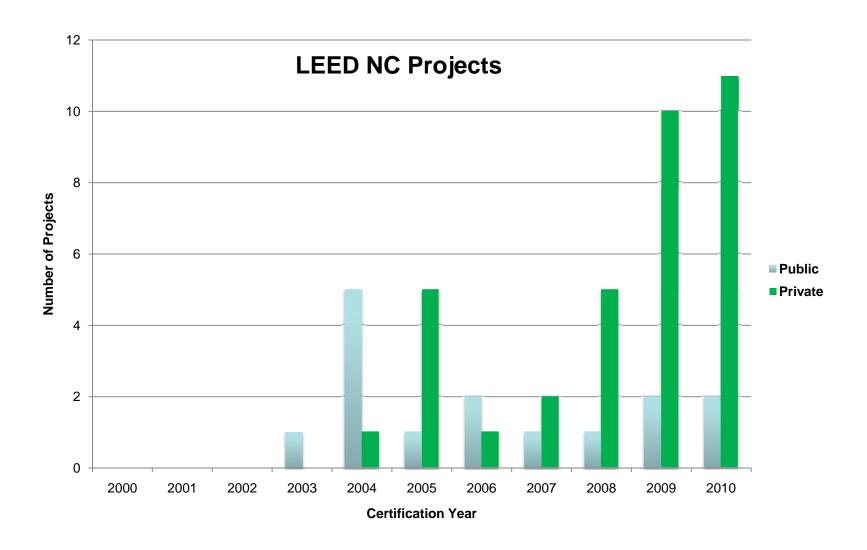




20 LEED City Facilities



1	ENVIRONMENTAL LEARNING CENTER		gold
Ε	E CENTER		silver
41	AL LIBRARY		silver
I	N		certified
M	MUNITY CENTER		certified
r	ort Way Center)		silver
r	ort Way Center)		gold
۱L	ALL		gold
Ε	REATMENT FACILITY		gold
N	NITY CENTER		gold
			gold
IC	IC CENTER		gold
			silver
=	ES ENVIRONMENTAL LEARNING CENTE	ΕR	silver
M	MUNITY CENTER		gold
?	R GARAGE		gold
F	TRAINING FACILITY		silver
S	S & CONTROL CENTER		gold
			gold
			October 2010



Growth of LEED

Seattle LEED Certified Projects

as of 10/1/2010

Seattle LEED Certified Projects by Level			City LEED Certif	City LEED Certified Projects by Level			
Platinum		5	4%	Platinum		0	0
Gold		56	45%	Gold		11	55%
Silver		38	31%	Silver		7	35%
Certified		25	20%	Certified		2	10%
	Total	124	100%		Total	20	100%

Seattle LEED Certified Pro	ojects I	by Type	City LEED Certified Project	cts by 1	Гуре
New Construction	51	41%	New Construction	17	85%
Existing Buildings	20	16%	Existing Buildings	0	0%
Commercial Interiors	36	29%	Commercial Interiors	2	10%
Core & Shell	17	14%	Core & Shell	1	5%
Total	124	100%	Total	20	100%



Northwest Municipalities

2004 – VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA City Owned – New Construction > 500 Square Meters	LEED for New Construction	GOLD
2005 – KING COUNTY County Owned – New Construction	LEED for New Construction	GOLD
County Funded – New Construction > 5,000 Square Feet	LEED for New Construction	GOLD
2006 – PORTLAND, OREGON		
City Owned – New Construction	LEED for New Construction	GOLD
City Funded – New Construction	LEED for New Construction	SILVER
City Owned or Leased – Tenant Improvements *or, G/Rated Tenant Improvement Guide	LEED for Commercial Interiors	SILVER
City Owned – Existing Buildings	LEED for Existing Buildings	SILVER
2005 – BELLINGHAM		
City Owned – New Construction > 5,000 Square Feet	LEED for New Construction	SILVER
2005 – EVERETT		
City Owned – New Construction > 5,000 Square Feet	LEED for New Construction	SILVER
2005 – WHATCOM COUNTY City Owned – New Construction > 5,000 Square Feet	LEED for New Construction	SILVER

Why an Update?

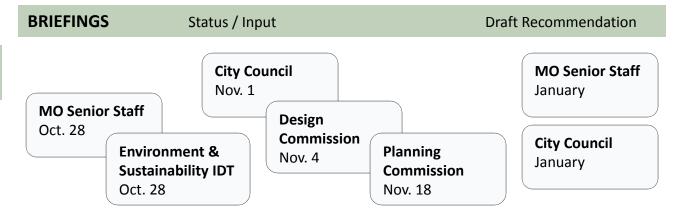




Policy Update Process

INDIVIDUAL DEPARTMENTAL SCOPING SESSIONS

Q4 2009 OSE, SPU, SCL, FAS, PARKS, SC, SPL, SDOT, OH, CBO



INTERDEPARTMENTAL TEAM MEETINGS: OSE, SPU, SCL, FAS, PARKS, SC, SPL, SDOT, OH, CBO

- 1: Aug. 2
- Background
- •IDT Purpose
- Research
- •Feedback on Exist. Policy
- 2: Aug. 26
- •Other Exist. City Policies
- •SDP Goals
- •SDP Scope
- 3: Sept. 16
- •Goals / Principles
- •Standards
- •Scope & Approaches
- 4: Oct. 19
- Approach: New
- Construction
- / Major Renovation
- 5: Nov. 2
- Approach: Exist.
- Buildings /
 Operations &
 Maintenance
- 6: Nov. 30
- Approach: Tenant Improvement / Sites
- 7: Nov. 13
- Implementation /
 Measure-
- ment & Verification
- 8: Jan. 13
- Review draft recommendation

Departmental Feedback via IDT Members

FOCUS GROUPS

Project Managers

Operations & Maintenance Staff

Budget / Financing

Green Building Task Force

Goals & Guiding Principles

GOALS

The purpose of a Citywide policy on sustainable development is to:

- demonstrate the City's commitment to addressing climate change and creating a sustainable future by protecting, conserving, and enhancing the region's environmental resources;
- provide *leadership* in setting community standards for sustainable development;
- provide responsible stewardship of the City's fiscal resources and public assets over time, leveraging our investments to create financial, public and environmental value;
- create quality environments that are healthy and provide community benefit.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- ➤ Be at the forefront of sustainable development, leading the way through both example and education and acting as a catalyst for change.
- > Support innovation that is both environmentally and economically sound.
- Ensure that projects are designed at the highest level of resource efficiency, for economic viability, and practical operation over the long-term by using whole building life-cycle assessment.
- ➤ Prioritize actual performance. Conduct continuous assessment and ongoing evaluation of City properties, using adaptive management and ongoing improvement to advance the performance of existing projects.
- ➤ Design for both permanence and adaptability, investing up front to ensure the long-term viability of City projects.
- > Design projects that create a vibrant community and contribute to livable, walkable neighborhoods.
- > Design for climate adaptability and resilience.
- > Design to minimize our contribution to climate change.

Policy Scope

	New Construction Major Additions & Alterations	Tenant Improvements	Existing Buildings	Existing Buildings: Operations & Maintenance	Ongoing Project Assessment	Sites
Include in Policy?*	12 of 12	11 of 12	11 of 12	10 of 12	12 of 12	11 of 12
Potential Approaches	 Third Party LEED NC Living Building Challenge 2030 Challenge City Defined 	LEED CIFAS Capital GreenCity Defined	LEED EB O&MEnergy StarCity Defined	LEED EB O&MCity Defined	 Performance measurement & verification Periodic performance reporting 	 Sustainable Sites Initiative Ideal Green Parks City Defined
Comments / Conditions	 Customize LEED to ensure desired performance, tie to city priorities Addt'l criteria from LEED ND Scaled approach: Vary requirement by scope/size of project 	 Follow intent of LEED CI w/o certification Scaled approach 	 Funding req'd to implement Req'ts trigger when retrofit or change HVAC Conduct LEED EB Pilot LEED EB for select portfolio Levy for facility improvements 	 Asset mgmt process Increase funding, staff & expertise Tie to existing conservation programs 	 LCA process, cost/benefit analysis GHG part of budget analysis 	 Scaled approach Conduct pilot

Departmental Feedback: Input received at IDT meetings and in individual communications with departmental representatives.

^{*}Identifies the #'s of departments who support including this project type in the update policy. The numbers represent general support for inclusion, but often only as long as certain conditions are met (e.g. yes, include existing buildings if funding is available for upgrades).



New Construction Major Additions & Alterations

LEED for NEW CONSTRUCTION - CUSTOMIZED

Attain LEED certification and meet specific credit requirements to match the City's priorities.

CITY DEFINED

Develop the City's own targeted approach with specific performance criteria for energy, GHG, water, waste and transportation.

PROS

- National recognition via an existing and respected system
- · Widely adopted in private sector
- Used as policy by multiple jurisdictions
- Quality assurance & compliance verification provided by 3rd party
- The existing policy, relying on LEED, is straightforward
- Ability to customize point requirements to specific goals
- Could require credits that demonstrate viability of future green code

- · Local control of requirements
- Tailored to meet specific environmental goals of City
- Allows strategic focus on specific elements
- Conceptually, could be simple by focusing on key goals
- · Can orient towards ongoing monitoring
- No certification fees to 3rd party
- Could focus expenditures on targeted city priorities

CONS

- · Costs for documentation and certification
- No local control of rating system
- Over time, LEED may not end up being the ultimate tool for the private sector
- There may be City goals that aren't easily addressed within LEED
- Requires City staff & resources to develop, review and verify compliance
- An unknown system with unknown resource implications
- Unclear how would transfer to use in the private sector

UNIQUE IDEAS

- Utilize Living Building Challenge as a design framework
- Ensure that capital projects policy feeds into future private development policy

- Important to have aspirational goals
- Scale up requirements over time
- Incorporate tree canopy goals into requirements
- Consider community and social components